

Introduction	2
Campaigns	
Victory	
Solitaire Decisions	
Components	3
Force Counters	
Force Descriptions	
Ship Forces	
Set-Up	
Sequence of Play	

Battle	12
Battle Set-Up	
Combat	
Post Battle	21
Next Turn	22
Special Campaign Rules	22
Linked Campaigns	
Expansions	
Credits	

2nd Edition

All 2nd edition rule changes are printed in red text for ease of reference.

Introduction

Welcome to **Fleet Commander Nimitz**, the latest in our series of Field Commander games. My goal in designing this game system is to make the careers of some of history's great commanders accessible in an easy to learn, fast playing game format. I decided on solitaire, because it had the proper feel. Commanders have a staff and advisors, but in the end, they alone make the hard decisions that affect lives, change the course of campaigns, and decide the fate of nations.

In this game, you make all the decisions needed to command the US forces. The game rules, charts, and die rolls dictate the actions of the Japanese forces.

Admiral Nimitz



Admiral Chester Nimitz became Commander-in-Chief of the US Pacific Fleet on December 31, 1941.

The previous Commander, Admiral Kimmel's choices during the attack on Pearl Harbor were widely criticized, resulting in his immediate replacement.

One of Admiral Nimitz's many

successful strategies was giving out as much information as possible to those who would be involved in a battle. He recognized that the officers making the immediate battlefield decisions would benefit from all the intel available.

He chose the battle locations, the ships involved, and the key targets, but trusted the tactical decision making to the officers in charge.

For this reason, Admiral Nimitz was well liked, respected and immediately successful in battle.

In 1945, he earned the rank of Chief of Naval Operations, which he retained until his retirement from active duty in 1947.

Campaigns

You take on the role of Admiral Nimitz and command the American Forces and their allies in each Campaign. Game mechanics and die rolls control the Japanese Forces.

The US and Australian Forces are referred to as "US" Forces

or "American" Forces for simplicity in the game.

Each Campaign Set-Up Sheet details your Objectives for the Campaign. To secure these Objectives, you must move your Forces to the Objective Areas and Hold them.

Victory

At the end of the Campaign, your level of victory is based on the number of Objectives you Hold.

Campaign Objectives

Objectives:	Campaign Evaluation	
Alaska, Hawaiian Islands,	Objectives	Description
Midway Island, Gilbert Islands,	8	Great
Samoa, Solomon Islands,	7	Good
New Guinea, New Caledonia	5-6	Historical
	4	Poor
	3-	Replaced

Example: If you Hold 7 Objectives at the end of the 1942 Campaign, you earn a "Good" evaluation.

Holding an Area



There are many named Island Areas on the Campaign Map.

You Hold an Area if it meets all 3 of the following conditions:

- 1) You have Infantry or Land-Based Aircraft Ashore.
- 2) There are no Japanese Infantry or Land-Based Aircraft Ashore.
- 3) The Area is In-Supply.

If an Area does not meet all 3 conditions, then you do not Hold the Area.

Solitaire Decisions

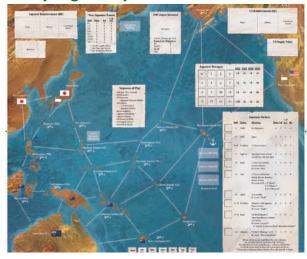
There will be times during the game when you need to make game decisions for the Enemy Forces. The rules provide you with procedures to guide your decision making. If the rules leave you with more than one equally valid option, you are free to choose from the available options.

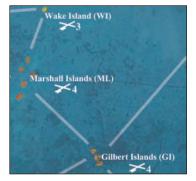
Example: You inflict 1 Hit on Japanese Ships in an Area. There are several Ships in the Area with the same value. You get to decide which Ship to Damage.



Components

Campaign Map





The Campaign Map shows the Sequence of Play, Japanese Movement Orders and other information you need to play each Campaign.

The Map includes a network of Movement lines. The Japanese Forces use the Movement lines when they

are given Orders to Move.

Battle Sheet



Use the Battle Sheet to resolve Battles.

Move all the Forces from the Campaign Map Area where a Battle is taking place to this Sheet to resolve the Battle.

This Sheet also contains the Battle Turn Track and Battle Sequence of Play.

Set-Up Sheets



Each Campaign Set-Up Sheet details the Campaign Year, starting Area for each Force in the Campaign, your Supply Points, Reinforcement Points, the Objectives, and Carrier-Based Aircraft details.

Player Log



Photocopy your Player Log and use it to record your Campaign information.

You can also download and print the Player Log from the www.dvg.com website.

Die

Roll a single 10-sided die whenever a die roll is required. The die generates results from 1 to 10. Some dice are numbered 0 to 9. Treat the 0 as being a 10.

Counters

The game uses counters to represent military forces and for various record keeping game functions.

US Counters have a blue background and Japanese Counters have a red background.

Forces







Force counters represent ships, soldiers, and aircraft in the game.

US Supply and Reinforcement Points



Find the Supply counters and place them off to the side. The numbers on the Supply counters indicate their worth in Supply or Reinforcement Points. The counter mix does not limit game

play.

Japanese Resupply



The position of the Resupply counter on the Japanese Resupply track affects Japanese Orders, and the number of Reinforcements Japan receives each Campaign Turn.

US Scouting



Use Scouting counters to predict Japanese Force movement before you move your Forces each Turn.



Campaign Turn



Move this counter along the Campaign Turn track to show which Turn you are resolving.

Battle Turn



Move this counter along the Battle Turn track to show which Turn you are resolving.

US and Japanese Battle Plans





Battle Plan counters give Forces advantages in

Battle.

Japanese Battle Plan Quantity



Use these counters to record the number of Battle Plan counters the Japanese draw each Turn of a Battle.

Japanese Movement Order



Place this counter on the Japanese Orders Movement chart.

Japanese In Transit



These counters show where Scouted Japanese Forces will move during the Movement step.

Japanese Moved



These counters show which Japanese Forces cannot Move, or have already Moved, during the Movement step.

Battle Location



Use this counter to mark the Campaign Map Area where the current Battle is taking place.

Airfield Capacity



These counters show the value of Airfields each side has on the Island during a Battle. One Land-Based Aircraft counter can operate from each Airfield.

Objectives





These counters designate the Campaign's Objective Areas. Use the blue side to show Objectives Held by the US, and the red side to show

Objectives that are Uncontrolled or Held by Japan.

Force Counters

Nationality

The stripe along the counter's edge identifies the nationality of the Force.





You control the US and Australian Forces. Each of your Force counters have the noted stripes along their right edge.

US Australia

Throughout this Rulebook, Japanese Forces will be referred to as Japanese Forces or Enemy Forces. Each of the Japanese Force counters have the noted stripe along their left edge

Front and Back of Counters



Force counters have a full strength side and a Damaged side.



The Damaged side has red slashes through the counter.

When placing new Forces on the Map, place Forces with their full strength side face up.

When a Force suffers a Hit, it is Damaged, flip it to its Damaged side.

If a Damaged Force suffers a Hit, it is Destroyed, remove it from play.

Carrier-Based Aircraft



Carrier-Based Aircraft have a dark blue strip across the bottom of their counters.

After a Battle, move all full, Damaged, and Destroyed Carrier-Based Aircraft counters off to the side for later re-use. Japan and the US freely use these counters when Carrier-Based Aircraft counters are needed to equip their Aircraft Carriers at the start of a Battle.





Japanese Battalions



After a Battle, return all Destroyed Japanese Battalion counters to the Battalion box on the Campaign Map. Freely use these counters as needed during a Campaign.

Force Descriptions

There are three types of Forces: Ship, Infantry, and Aircraft.

Force Information:

Campaign Year

The Year on a Force counter identifies the Campaign the counter is used in.



Example: "42" means the counter is used in the 1942 Campaign.

Buy Cost

You must pay its Cost in Reinforcement or Supply Points when purchasing a Force.

Example: This Ship costs 3 Reinforcement or Supply Points.



The backside of counters includes an abbreviation noting the Force's starting position in the Map.

Force Type

This is the Force's military designation.

Example: "BB" is a Battleship, "DD" is a Destroyer, etc.

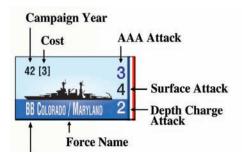
Force Name

Some Ship counters have two names. Both ships were historically present during the Campaign.

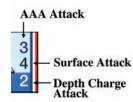
Example: This counter represents the Battleships Colorado and Maryland

Ship Forces

The term "Ship" refers to both Ships and Submarines unless a rule states otherwise.



Attack values



Ships use their Attack values when performing attacks.

For each Attack, you must roll the Attack value or lower to inflict 1 Hit on an opposing Force.



Ship's use their AAA (Anti-Aircraft Artillery) value to Attack enemy Aircraft.

Aircraft Carriers have a Superior Attack value, noted with a superscript on their AAA Attack value. If you roll the Attack value or lower, you inflict 1 Hit. If you roll the Superscript value or lower, you inflict a second Hit.

Example: An Aircraft Carrier has a AAA value of 4/2. If you roll a 5 or higher, you inflict 0 Hits. If you roll a 3 or 4, you inflict 1 Hit. If you roll a 1 or 2, you inflict 2 Hits.

Ships use their Surface Attack value to attack enemy Ships, Infantry, and Airfields.

Submarines cannot Attack Infantry and Airfields.

Ships use their Depth Charge Attack value to attack enemy Submarines.



Example: If the Colorado/Maryland performs a AAA Attack against Japanese Aircraft, you must roll a 3 or lower to inflict 1 Hit. If the Ship counter is firing a Surface Attack at a

Japanese Ship or Forces on an Island, you must roll a 4 or lower to inflict a Hit. If the Ship is attacking a Submarine, you must roll a Depth Charge Attack of 2 or lower.

There are several types of Ship Forces in the game. For game purposes, larger Ships are assumed to have several escort ships built into their counters.

CV (Fleet Carriers)





CVL (Light Carriers)





CVE (Escort Carriers)















CRU (Cruisers)





DD (Destroyers)





SS (Submarines)





Transports





Aircraft Forces

There are several types of Aircraft Forces in the game.



Attack values

Aircraft Forces use their Attack values when performing attacks.

For each Attack value, you must roll the value or lower to inflict 1 Hit on an opposing Force.



Aircraft use their Dogfight value to attack enemy Aircraft. If you roll the Attack value or lower, you inflict 1 Hit. If you roll the Superscript value or

lower, you inflict a second Hit.

Aircraft use their Ground Attack value (brown square) to attack enemy Infantry and Airfields.

Aircraft use their Ship Attack value (blue square) to attack enemy Ships. Aircraft cannot attack Submarines.



A Bomber is any aircraft with the ability to drop bombs, even if it also has a Dogfight value.



A Fighter is any aircraft with a Dogfight value and no Bomb values.

Land-Based Aircraft:









US Carrier-Based Aircraft:







Japanese Carrier-Based Aircraft:







Infantry

Infantry counters represent ground combat forces.

Campaign Year Cost 42 [1] 3 Ground Attack Force Type

Attack values

Infantry Forces use their Ground Attack value when performing Attacks against enemy Infantry and Airfields.

Infantry cannot attack Ships or Aircraft.

For each Attack, you must

roll the Ground Attack value or lower to inflict 1 Hit on an opposing Force.

There are several types of Infantry in the game. They all use the Infantry rules.

US and Japanese Army





US Marines





US and Japanese Battalions





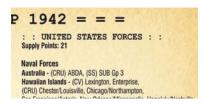
Set-Up



To begin, select the Campaign Set-Up Sheet for the Campaign you want to play.

We recommend starting with the 1942 Campaign.

Each Campaign has its own Set-Up Sheet, information, and Force counters.



All Campaigns use the same Campaign Set-Up procedures. The Set-Up section of each Campaign Set-Up Sheet lists the year of the Campaign, and

provides you with all the information you need to get started.



Only use the Force counters for a Campaign that have the same year as the Campaign.

Place each Force on the Map in the Area indicated by the Campaign Set-Up Sheet.

(DD) DESRON 4, DESRON 12, (SS) SUB West Coast - (DD) DESRON 2 Reinforcements - (CV) Hornet, Wasp, (E Example: In the 1942 Campaign, place the (DD) DESRON 2 in the West Coast Area of the Map.

Campaign Turn





Place the Campaign Turn counter on the "Start" box of the Campaign Turn Track.

Battle Plans



Place the Enemy Battle Plan counters in an opaque cup for later drawing.



Place the US Battle Plan counters next to the Battle Sheet to choose from later.

Forces



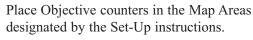
All Force counters begin the Campaign on the Map in a designated Area specified by the Campaign's Set-Up Sheet. Each Force also has an

abbreviation on its backside noting its starting position on the Map.

<u>Abbv</u>	<u>Position</u>	<u>Abbv</u>	<u>Position</u>
AK	Alaska	NC	New Caledonia
AU	Australia	NG	New Guinea
BO	Borneo	OK	Okinawa
CI	Caroline Islands	PH	Philippines
EA	East Asia	SA	Samoa
GI	Gilbert Islands	SI	Solomon Islands
HI	Hawaiian Islands	WC	West Coast
IJ	Iwo Jima	WI	Wake Island
JA	Japan	P1	Port 1942 to 1945
MA	Mariana Islands	P2	Port 1943 to 1945
MI	Midway Island	P3	Port 1944 to 1945
ML	Marshall Islands	RE	Reinforcements

Battalion counters do not have a specific Year. Each Campaign specifies where to place them. Place the extra Japanese Battalions in the Battalions box on the Map.

Objective Counters



When an Infantry starts a Battle on the Island, or moves from a Transport to the Beach, it is "Ashore". All Land-Based Aircraft in an Area are always "Ashore".

Objectives:

Alaska, Hawaiian Islands, Midway Island, Gilbert Islands, Samoa, Solomon Islands, New Guinea, New Caledonia Example: In the 1942 Campaign, place Objective counters on: Alaska, Hawaiian Islands, Midway Island, Gilbert Islands, Samoa, Solomon Islands, New Guinea, and New Caledonia.

If the US has the only Infantry or Land-Based Aircraft Ashore at an Objective, place the blue side of the counter face up. The blue side indicates the Objective is Held by US Forces.



If there are any Japanese Infantry or Land-Based Aircraft Ashore at an Objective, or if there are no Forces from either side Ashore, place the red side of the counter face up. The red side indicates the

Objective is Held by Japanese Forces.

Resupply Counter

Place the Resupply counter on the "0-" position on the Japanese Resupply counter track.





Sequence of Play

Sequence of Play Advance Turn Counter US Resupply US Scouting - Japanese Scouted Orders Movement - US Movement - Japanese Orders

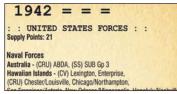
During each Campaign Turn, play the game using the following steps. You may not go back to a step once it has been completed. Perform all steps in the order they are shown.

Advance Turn Counter

Move the Campaign Turn counter one space to the right along the Campaign Turn Track.

The Campaign ends when you move the counter past the "Nov/Dec" space on the Campaign Turn Track.

US Resupply



Supply Points

During each Campaign Turn, you gain the number of Supply Points listed on the Campaign's Set-Up Sheet. Move the indicated

value of Supply counters to the US Supply Points box.

You do not begin the Campaign with Supply Points. You gain them each Turn during the US Resupply step.



Place your Supply Point counters in the box next to the West Coast.

You spend Supply Points to Purchase Forces, purchase Scouts and Battle

Plans, and repair Damaged Forces.

You can save Supply Points to use on a future Turn.



To purchase a Force, pay the Force's Cost in Reinforcement Points. Place US Forces in the West Coast. Place Australian Forces in Australia.



Aircraft Carriers have a special purchase cost. Instead of paying the cost in brackets, pay the cost in parenthesis. The cost in brackets is

used when allocating Hits in Battle.

Example: The Lexington costs "(5)" Reinforcement Points to

purchase. The "[1]" is used when allocating Hits in Battle.

You can save Reinforcement Points to use on a future Turn.

Repair Forces



You may Repair your Damaged Forces during the US Resupply step.

You may spend Supply Points to flip each of your Damaged Forces to its full strength side. Pay 1/2 the Cost of the Force, rounding down, with a minimum cost of 1.

Examples: A Force costing 5 has a Repair cost of 2. A Force costing 1 has a Repair cost of 1.



Example: To repair the CV Lexington, pay 2 Supply Points (1/2 of 5, rounding down).

US Scouting



Each Campaign Turn, US Ships must Move before Japanese Ships, however if you use Scouting counters you can see where groups of Japanese Ships will Move before you Move your

US Ships.

During the Scouting phase, you can pay 1 Supply Point to place a Scouting counter on any Area with Enemy Forces. Once all Scouting counters are placed, roll Japanese Orders once for each Scouting counter.

You can place more than one Scouting counter on an Area if you want to make more than one Japanese Orders roll for that Area. The number of Scouting counters do limit the number of times you can Scout each Turn.

When rolling Scouting Orders, update the Japanese Resupply track with each roll.

In Transit Counters

Flip each Scouting counter to its In Transit side after you roll its Japanese Orders and move the Japanese Forces to their destination. Place the counter on top of the Japanese Forces that were affected by the Japanese Order roll.

Use the standard Movement rules to Move the Japanese Forces during the Scouting step.

US Movement

Prohibited Areas

US Forces may move to any Map Area except Japan and East Asia.

Japanese Forces may move to any Map Area except the US West Coast and Australia.



US Movement

It is free to move your Forces and does not cost you Supply Points.

US Land-Based Aircraft Movement Restriction

Land-Based Aircraft may only move to an Area that started the Movement step with US Infantry or Land-Based Aircraft already in the Area.

Example: Midway Island started the Movement step with a US Infantry counter already present. You can move Land-Based Aircraft to Midway.

Example: Iwo Jima started the Movement step with only Japanese Land-Based Aircraft present. You cannot move Land-Based Aircraft to Iwo Jima.

Example: Wake Island started the Movement step with both US and Japanese Infantry on the Island. You can move Land-Based Aircraft to Wake.



Most Areas designate the maximum Airfield value the Area can support. You cannot place more US Land-Based Aircraft on an Area than the number designated for that Area.

Example: You can place up to 6 US Land-Based Aircraft on the Solomon Islands.

The West Coast, Hawaiian Islands, and Australia can have an unlimited number of Land-Based Aircraft.

Airfield values do not restrict Japanese Land-Based Aircraft.

US Infantry Movement



If a US Infantry Force is moved to an Area, place it on a Transport ship. This will make it easy to remember which Infantry Forces are not yet Ashore and which started the Battle already Ashore.

You do not purchase Transport Ships. Take them as needed. Place them off to the side as soon as the Infantry move to the Island

You cannot Move US Infantry out of an Area that contains Japanese Forces.

Example: You have Infantry, Ships, and Land-Based Aircraft in the Solomon Islands. Japan has 1 Ship also present in the Solomons. You cannot Move your Infantry out of the Solomons.

Australian Movement Limitation

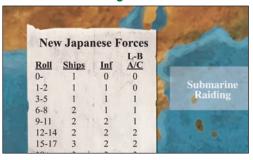




Any Forces with the Australian flag down their right side can only move to an Area with the Australian flag.

Example: You can move an Australian Force to New Guinea, but not to Midway.

Submarine Raiding Mission



You can move US Submarines into the Raiding box next to Japan. Each Submarine reduces Japan's Reinforcement roll by 3.

It is free to Move Submarines to the Raiding box.

Japanese Orders Placing Moved Counters



Start the Japanese Orders step by placing a "Moved" counter on each Area that has only 1 Japanese Infantry or Land-Based Aircraft. The exceptions are Japan and East Asia. The Japanese

can Move the last Force out of those Areas. The last Infantry or Land-Based Aircraft Force in an Area cannot Move, even if additional Japanese Forces move into their Area during the Movement step.

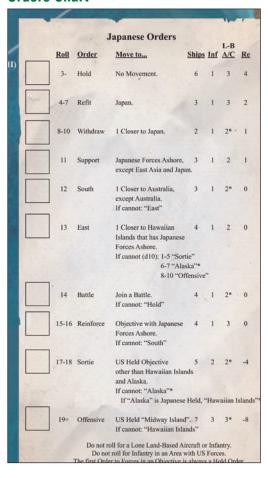
Replace all In Transit counters with Moved counters.

Japan cannot Move its Infantry out of Areas that also contain US Forces. Place a Moved counter on them. Do not roll an Order for these Forces, and ignore them if you are rolling Orders for other Forces in their Area.

Example: An Area has Japanese Infantry and Ships, as well as US Forces. The Japanese Infantry cannot Move, but you still roll Orders for the Ships as normal.



Orders Chart



The Japanese Orders chart is located on the Campaign Map. Roll a die to determine what the Enemy Forces in each Area will do.

If there are a large number of Japanese Forces in an Area, you might need to roll several times to determine the Orders for all the Japanese Forces in the Area.

Perform the Japanese Movement

Orders in order from the Area with the fewest total Japanese Forces to the Area with the most Japanese Forces. Only count Forces that have not yet Moved this Turn.

The last Japanese Infantry or Land-Based Aircraft Ashore in an Area will not move out of the Area, regardless of the Order rolled. The exceptions are Japan and East Asia. The Japanese can Move the last Force out of those Areas. Move the Forces in order of: Ships, then Infantry, then Land-Based Aircraft.

Example: An Area with 1 Ship, 1 Infantry, and 2 Land-Based Aircraft receives a Reinforce Order. You move 1 Ship, 1 Infantry, and 1 Land-Based Aircraft, but the 2nd Land-Based Aircraft does not move because it is the last Japanese Infantry or Land-Based Aircraft in the Area.



Japanese Forces may only move once each Turn. When Forces move to another Area, place a Moved counter on the Forces to designate they have already moved.

Resupply Counter Track



Move the Resupply counter to the "0-" square on the Japanese Resupply track at the start of the Japanese Orders step each Campaign Turn.

Adjust the Orders die rolls according to the Resupply counter's position on the track, as well as the Year of the Campaign.

Example: If the counter is in the "5" position in a 1942 Campaign, add 2 to the next Orders die rolls.

Example: If the counter is in the "12" position in a 1943 Campaign, add 8 to the next Orders die rolls.

Some Orders advance the Resupply counter along the track. When you roll one of these orders, modify the roll as noted, perform the Order, and then advance the counter the number of positions noted in the "Re" column.

Example: You roll a 1 in a 1944 Campaign, and the Resupply counter is in the "9" position. In 1944, the counter being in the "9" position adds 3 to the roll, increasing the roll of a 1 to a 4, which is a "Refit" Order. You perform the Refit Order, and then advance the Resupply counter 2 positions to the 11.

Some Orders retreat the Resupply counter backwards down the track. When you roll one of these orders, modify the roll as noted in the "Re" column of the Orders chart, perform the Order, and then retreat the counter.

Do not move the counter past the "15+" or "0-" positions on the track.

Transports



If a Japanese Infantry is moved to an Area with US Forces, place it on a Transport ship. This will make it easy to remember which Infantry Forces are not yet Ashore and which started the Battle already

Ashore.

The Japanese do not purchase Transport Ships. Take them as needed. Place them off to the side for re-use as soon as the Infantry move to the Island.

Forces in Objectives

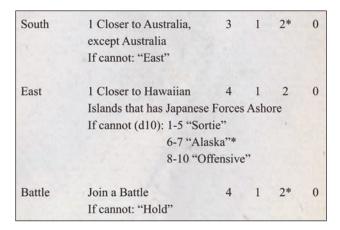
The first Order given to Japanese Forces in each Objective is always a "Hold" Order.

No Forces Moved

If no Forces move as a result of the Order, some Orders have



an "If Cannot" instruction. Follow the instruction. If the Order does not have an "If cannot" instruction, or the Forces cannot follow the "If cannot" instruction, treat the die roll as being a Hold Order.



Example: You are rolling for Forces in Japan, and the Order roll is a "Refit". The Forces are already in Japan, so none move. "Refit" does not have an "If cannot" instruction, so you treat the die roll as being a "Hold" Order, and 6 Ships, 3 Infantry, and 3 Land-Based Aircraft perform a Hold Order.

Example: You are rolling for Forces in New Guinea and they receive a "South" Order. They cannot follow the Order. "South" has an "If cannot" instruction of: "East", so 4 Ships, 1 Infantry, and 2 Land-Based Aircraft perform the "East" Order.

Example: The Forces are supposed to perform an "East" Order, but the adjacent Areas that are 1 closer to the Hawaiian Islands do not have any Japanese Forces Ashore. Roll a die to determine if the Order becomes a "Sortie", move to "Alaska", or a "Offensive".

Not Enough Infantry



When Japanese Forces are Moved to an Area with US Forces they may not always be able to take the maximum number of Infantry specified by the Order. If the Japanese Move fewer

Infantry than are called for by the Order, take 1 Japanese Battalion from the Battalion area on the Map for each Infantry that was not available to move.

Example: An Order calls for 2 Infantry to move from an Area, but the Area does not have any Infantry. Take 2 Battalions from the Battalion Area and add them to the moving Forces.

Example: An Order calls for 2 Infantry to move to Japan, but they are in an Area with US Forces. Do not add 2 Battalions to Japan because they are not Moving to an Area with US Forces.

Example: The Area being moved from only has 1 Infantry and the Order calls for 2 Infantry to move. Add 1 Battalion to the moving Forces.

Example: The Area being moved from has US Forces and the Order calls for 1 Infantry to Move. The Infantry cannot Move due to the presence of US Forces. Add 1 Battalion to the moving Forces.

Multiple Destinations

When performing a movement, if there are more than one valid destinations, move the Forces to the valid Area with the fewest Japanese Forces present in the Area. Count all the Japanese Forces present at the time of the roll. This includes Forces that have not yet moved, as well as Forces that have already moved.

If an Order gives Japan a choice of two or more equally valid movement destinations, randomly determine which Area the Forces move to.

Example: Forces in the Caroline Islands roll a South Order. They can move to either New Guinea or the Solomon Islands. Both Areas have 5 Japanese Forces present. Roll to see which of the two they move to.

Japanese Movement Orders Hold Order

Their Forces do not Move. Randomly select 6 Ships, 1 Infantry, and 3 Land-Based Aircraft to remain in the Area.

Example: The Area has 5 Ships, 3 Infantry, and 0 Land-Based Aircraft. All 5 Ships and 1 of the Infantry would Hold. You then roll another Order for the remaining Infantry.



Each time Enemy Forces receive a Hold Order, advance the Resupply counter 4 positions on the Japanese Resupply track.

Refit Order

Randomly select 3 Ships, 1 Infantry, and 1 Land-Based Aircraft to Move to the Japan Area. They cannot perform this Order if you are rolling for Forces in Japan, and the Area instead performs a Hold Order. Advance the Resupply counter 2 positions.

Withdrawal Order

Randomly select 2 Ships, 1 Infantry, and 1 Land-Based Aircraft to an Area with Japanese Forces Ashore, except for the Japan and East Asia Areas. If they cannot perform this Order, the Area instead performs a Hold Order. Advance the Resupply counter 1 position.

If the destination Area has at least 1 Japanese Infantry or Land-Based Aircraft Ashore, they also move up to 1 Land-Based Aircraft, if it does not, move the 1 Aircraft to Japan.

Support Order

Randomly select 3 Ships, 1 Infantry, and 1 Land-Based Aircraft to Move 1 Area closer to the Japan Area. They cannot perform this Order if you are rolling for Forces in Japan. If they cannot perform this Order, the Area instead performs a Hold Order. Advance the Resupply counter 1



position.

South Order

Randomly select 3 Ships, 1 Infantry, and 2 Land-Based Aircraft to Move 1 Area closer to Australia. If the destination Area has at least 1 Japanese Infantry or Land-Based Aircraft Ashore, they also move up to 2 Land-Based Aircraft.

The Forces cannot perform this Order if they are already adjacent to Australia. If the no Forces Move, the Area instead performs an "East" Order.

East Order

Randomly select 4 Ships, 1 Infantry, and 2 Land-Based Aircraft to Move 1 Area closer to the Hawaiian Islands that has Japanese Forces Ashore.

The Forces cannot perform this Order if there is not an adjacent Area that is 1 Area closer to Hawaii and Japanese Held. If no Forces Move, roll a die and consult the die roll table to determine which Order to perform instead for the Area.

Battle Order

Randomly select 4 Ships, 1 Infantry, and 2 Land-Based Aircraft to move to an Area that has both US and Japanese Forces. If the destination Area has at least 1 Japanese Infantry or Land-Based Aircraft Ashore, they also move up to 2 Land-Based Aircraft, if it does not, move the 2 Aircraft to Japan.

The Forces cannot perform this Order if there are no Areas with both US and Japanese Forces. If they cannot perform this Order, the Area instead performs a Hold Order.

Reinforce Order

Move up to 4 Ships, 1 Infantry, and 3 Land-Based Aircraft to an Objective that has at least 1 Japanese Infantry or Land-Based Aircraft Ashore.

The Forces cannot perform this Order if there are no Objectives that have Japanese Infantry or Land-Based Aircraft Ashore. If they cannot perform this Order, the Area instead performs a South Order.

Sortie Order

Randomly select 5 Ships, 2 Infantry, and 2 Land-Based Aircraft to move to a US Held Objective other than the Hawaiian Islands and Alaska. If the destination Area has at least 1 Japanese Infantry or Land-Based Aircraft Ashore, they also move up to 2 Land-Based Aircraft.

If they cannot perform this Order, Move the 5 Ships, 2 Infantry, and 2 Land-Based Aircraft to Alaska. If Alaska is already Held by the Japanese, move the Forces to the Hawaiian Islands. If the destination Area does not have at least 1 Japanese Infantry or Land-Based Aircraft Ashore, move the 2 Aircraft to Japan.

Retreat the Resupply counter 3 positions.

Offensive Order

Randomly select 7 Ships, 3 Infantry, and 3 Land-Based Aircraft to move to Midway Island if Midway Island is Held by the US. If Midway Island is Held by Japan, move the Forces to the Hawaiian Islands. If the destination Area has at least 1 Japanese Infantry or Land-Based Aircraft Ashore, they also move up to 3 Land-Based Aircraft.

Retreat the Resupply counter 7 positions.

Alaska

Move the indicated Forces to Alaska.

Example: You roll an "East" Order, and the Forces cannot perform the Order. You roll a 10-sided, and get a result of "Alaska". You move 4 Ships, 1 Infantry, and 2 Land-Based Aircraft to Alaska.

Hawaiian Islands

Move the indicated Forces to the Hawaiian Islands.

Midway Island

Move the indicated Forces to Midway Island.

Done Moving

Once you have Moved all the Japanese Forces, remove the Moved counters.

Resolve Battles

You must resolve a Battle for each Area containing both US and Japanese Forces.



Example: You must resolve the Battle for the Solomon Islands because there are both US and Japanese Forces present in the Area.

Choose a Battle you

would like to resolve. You can resolve the Battles in any order.

Continue to the Japanese Reinforce step after you have resolved all Battles.

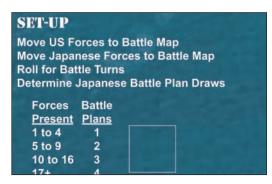
Battle

Battle Turn Sequence

Use the Battle Turn Sequence listed on the Battle Sheet to resolve each Battle.



Battle Set-Up



Move US Forces to the Battle Map

Relocate all the US Forces from the Area you are resolving to the Battle Sheet.



As you move the Forces to the Battle Sheet, mark the Location of the Battle on the Campaign Map by placing the Battle Location counter.

The Battle Sheet is divided into 4 Areas: Japanese Ocean, Coastal, Island, and US Ocean.

US Force Placement



Once placed, Ships cannot move during the Battle.

Place all US Aircraft Carriers in the US Ocean. This is the only place a US Aircraft Carrier can be placed.

You may place the other US Ships in either the US Ocean or Coastal Area as you see fit.

US Submarines can be placed in any Area with Japanese Ships. If there are no Japanese Ships present, the Submarines do not take part in the battle.

Place Land-Based Aircraft on the US Island Airfields. Place a value of Airfield counters on the Island equal to the number of US Land-Based Aircraft counters.





Example: The US has 6 Land-Based Aircraft. Place Airfield counters totalling 6.

If US Infantry are already on the Island, place them on the US Foxholes.



Place Transport Ships carrying US Infantry in the Coastal Area. You can place more than 1 Infantry counter on a Transport.

Carrier Aircraft Placement

Place the Carrier-Based Aircraft counters assigned to each Carrier next to their Carriers. If you run out of counters, use other counters as stand-ins. The counter mix does not limit game play.

Carrier Air Groups CV (5) - F4F, SBD, SBD, TBD Find the Carrier Aircraft types on the Campaign Sheet.

Example: The Lexington is a value 5 CV. At the start of a Battle, place 1 F4F, 2 SBDs, and 1 TBD counter next to the Carrier's counter.



Move Japanese Forces



Place Land-Based Aircraft on the Japanese Island Airfield. Place a value of Airfield counters on the Island equal to the number of Japanese Land-Based Aircraft counters.

If Japanese Infantry are already on the Island, place them on the Japanese Foxholes.



Place Transport Ships carrying Japanese Infantry in the Coastal Area. You can place more than 1 Infantry counter on a Transport.



Japanese Ship Placement (Carriers and Island Forces)

Use this rule section if there are Japanese Aircraft Carriers present, and at least one of the following:

- 1) There are Japanese Infantry on Transports
- 2) There are Japanese Infantry Ashore
- 3) There are Land-Based Aircraft from either Japan or the US on the Island.

Place all Japanese Aircraft Carriers (CVs, CVLs, and CVEs) in the Japanese Ocean Area.

Step #1 - Place 1 Japanese Escort (BB, CRU, or DD) with the lowest Surface Attack value in the Japanese Ocean Area.

Step #2 - Place 1 Japanese Escort with the highest Surface Attack value in the Coastal Area.

Repeat the 2 steps until there are a number of Escorts in the Japanese Ocean equal to the number of Aircraft Carriers, then place all remaining Escorts in the Coastal Area.

Example: There are 3 Japanese Aircraft Carriers in the Japanese Ocean Area. There are 8 Japanese Destroyers, Cruisers, and Battleships in the Battle. Place 3 Escorts in the Ocean Area, and 5 Escorts in the Coastal Area.

Japanese Ship Placement (Aircraft Carriers)

If there are Japanese Aircraft Carriers present, but no Japanese Infantry on Transports, Japanese Infantry Ashore, or Land-Based Aircraft from either nation on the Island, place all Japanese Ships in the Ocean area.

Japanese Ship Placement (Island Forces)

If there are no Japanese Aircraft Carriers present, place all Japanese Ships in the Coastal Area.

Japanese Submarine Placement:

Use these rules if there are Japanese Submarines present.

If there are US Aircraft Carriers, place all the Japanese Submarines in the US Ocean Area.

If there are no US Aircraft Carriers, but there are US Ships in the Coastal Area, place all the Japanese Submarines in the Coastal Area.

If there are no US Aircraft Carriers, and no US Ships in the Coastal Area, place all the Japanese Submarines in the Japanese Ocean Area.

Carrier Aircraft Placement

Place types of Aircraft assigned to each Carrier next to their Carriers. If you run out of counters, use other counters as stand-ins. The counter mix does not limit game play.

CVL - A6M, D3A, B5N CVL - A6M, D3A

CVL - A6M, I

Find the Carrier Aircraft types on the Campaign Sheet.

Example: The Kaga is a CV. Place 1 A6M, 1 D3A, and 1 B5N counter next to it.



Roll for Battle Turns



Roll a 10-sided die and consult the Battle Turn numbers on the Battle Turn track to determine the duration of the battle.

Example: You roll a 9. The Battle lasts for 4 Turns.

Place the Battle Turn counter on the Turn Track.

Even after adjustments, all Battles have a 1 Turn minimum.

Determine Japanese Battle Plans



To determine the number of Battle Plans Japan draws each Battle Turn, count the number of Japanese Forces present in the battle. Only count Forces that were transferred from the Campaign Map. This includes Infantry on Transports. Do not count Carrier-Based Aircraft

or Transport ships.

Example: The Japanese have 3 Ships, 2 Infantry, 1 Land-Based Aircraft, 3 Carrier-Based Aircraft, and 1 Transport in the Battle. They have 6 Forces (the Carrier-Based Aircraft and Transport do not count). With 6 Forces, the Japanese get 2 Battle Plans each Battle Turn.

2

Place a Battle Plan Quantity counter with that number in the Battle Plan Quantity box.

As the Japanese suffer losses during the Battle, do not recalculate their Battle Plan Quantity.

Select US Battle Plans

Select US Battle Plans
3 BPPs
+3 BPPs per Supply point

You get to choose your Battle Plans at the start of each Battle.

A Battle Plan can only be used once each Battle.



Example: You purchase the Furball Battle Plan. You can only use the counter once during the Battle to inflict an extra Dogfight Hit.

AAA (2) A AAA success inflicts 1 extra Hit The Battle Plan Point cost for each Battle Plan is found on the Battle Plan counter in parentheses.

Example: AAA costs 2 Battle Plan Points.

You receive 3 Battle Plan Points to freely use during each Battle. You can also spend Supply Points to add to your Battle Plans. You receive 3 Battle Plan Points for each Supply Point you spend.

Example: If you spend 2 Supply Points, you can select up to 9 Battle Plan Points.

Place your selected Battle Plan counters to the side of the Battle Sheet. Place the others off to the side. You will not use them during the Battle.

US Battle Plans

AAA (2) A AAA success inflicts 1 extra Hit When one of your Ships successfully inflicts a Hit with a AAA Attack, you can discard this counter to inflict 1 additional Hit on Japanese Aircraft in

the Area.

Anti-Aircraft (1) Roll an extra AAA for a Ship During the AAA step of any Battle Turn, discard this counter to roll an extra AAA Attack. Use the AAA value of any of the Attacking Ships in the

Area.

ASW (3)
Roll Depth Charge
Attacks before
Torpedo Attacks

You may discard this counter to roll Depth Charge Attacks before Submarines make their Surface Attacks.

Artillery (2) Infantry Ashore. 1 Successful Infantry Attack You may only use this Plan if you have an Infantry Ashore. During the Infantry Attack step, discard this counter to inflict 1 Hit as if the Hit was inflicted

by an Infantry counter.

Barrel Roll (2) Stop 1 Hit on an Aircraft You can discard this counter to stop 1 Hit being inflicted on any 1 of your Aircraft by Dogfight or AAA, at the time of the Hit.

Charge (1) Roll an extra Attack for an Infantry During the Infantry step of any Battle Turn, discard this counter to roll an extra Infantry Attack. Use the Attack value of any of the Infantry in the US

Foxholes.

Damage Control (4) Stop 1 Hit You can discard this counter to stop 1 Hit being inflicted on any 1 of your Forces, at the time of the Hit.

Diving Attack (3) A Bomb success inflicts 1 extra Hit When one of your Aircraft successfully Hits with a Bombing Attack, you can discard this counter to inflict 1 additional Hit to the Forces in the

Area.

Engaged (3)
Adjust the Battle
duration by 1

Discard this counter at the end of a Battle Turn to add or subtract 1 Turn from the Battle.

Envelop (1) Reroll an Infantry Attack Discard this counter to negate the roll of any US Infantry's Attack and immediately re-roll the Attack for a new result.

First Light (2) 7+, Pre-Attack for 1 Carrier Group. Save. Roll a die at the start of a Battle Turn. If you roll a 7 or higher, you can select the Carrier-Based Aircraft from any 1 of your Carriers to conduct their

Ground and/or Ship Attacks and return to the Carrier before Japan Moves its Aircraft. The Aircraft you select do not Move and Attack during the normal US Move Aircraft step.

If you roll a 6 or less, save this counter and roll to use it again. Keep saving until you succeed during the Battle, then discard this counter.

The Group does not suffer Japanese Dogfight Attacks, but it does suffer AAA Attacks as normal.

After the First Light Action, proceed with the normal Turn for the other Japanese and US Aircraft.

If Japan also draws a First Light Battle Plan, discard both counters without effect.

Furball (1)
A Dogfight success
inflicts 1 extra Hit

You can discard this counter when one of your Aircraft successfully Hits with a Dogfight Attack, to inflict 1 additional Hit on the Japanese Aircraft

Forces in the Area.

Leathernecks (0) Marine Ashore. Stop 1 Hit on the Island If you have a Marine Ashore in the Battle, discard this counter to stop 1 Hit being inflicted on any 1 of your Infantry Ashore or Airfields, at the

time of the Hit.

Ranging Shots (1)
A Ship's Surface
Attack success
inflicts 1 extra Hit

When one of your Ships successfully Hits with a Surface Attack, you can discard this counter to inflict 1 additional Hit on the Japanese Forces

in the Area.



15

Seabees (2) Stop 1 Hit on an Airfield You can discard this counter to stop 1 Hit being inflicted on your Airfields, at the time of the Hit.

Sonar (1)
Reroll a Depth
Charge or Torpedo
roll

Discard this counter to negate the roll of any US Force's Depth Charge or Torpedo Attack and immediately re-roll the Attack for a new result.

Combat

COMBAT **Draw Japanese Battle Plan** Move US Aircraft Move Japanese Bombers **Move Japanese Fighters** Combat Dogfight AAA **Bomb Runs Torpedoes Depth Charges Naval Guns** Infantry **Infantry Advance Return Aircraft** Inflict Airfield Losses **Advance Battle Turn Count** Perform the following steps each Battle Turn.

Draw Japanese Battle Plans

Draw a number of Japan's Battle Plans from the cup equal to their Battle Plan Quantity. If there are no more Battle Plans remaining in the cup, return the previously drawn Battle Plans and keep drawing.

Place them to the side of the Battle Sheet for easy reference.

Japanese Battle Plans

Air Combat +3/+2 on Dogfight and Bomb rolls Increase the Dogfight and Bomb chances of success for all Japanese Aircraft by 3 and any Superior Attack rolls by 2. If an Aircraft does not have

a Superior Attack value, they will Attack with a Superior Attack value of 2. If an Aircraft cannot Bomb or Dogfight, it still cannot Bomb or Dogfight.

Example: If an Aircraft has Dogfight 4/2, it has 7/4 during the Battle Turn.

Example: If an Aircraft Bombs Ships on a 4, it Bombs on a 7/2 during the Battle Turn.

Artillery Infantry Ashore. 1 Successful Infantry Attack

If Japan has Infantry Ashore during the Infantry Attack phase, the US takes 1 Hit to an Infantry or Airfield.

Attack Plan +1/+0 on all rolls Increase all Japanese Attack roll chances of success by 1.

Example: If a Japanese Ship has a Surface Attack of 4, it has a 5 during

the Battle Turn.

Carrier Attack All Bombers roll a "10" for Area All Carrier-Based and Land-Based Bombers are assumed to roll a 10 (US Ocean) for their Attack Area.

Damage Control Stop 1 Hit The first Hit inflicted on a Japanese Force during the Battle Turn is stopped.

DurationAdjust the Battle duration by 1

At the end of the Battle Turn, if Japan has more Forces on the Battle Sheet than the US, increase the Battle Turn duration by 1. If Japan has fewer

Forces on the Battle Sheet than the US, decrease the Battle Turn duration by 1. If they have the same number of Forces, this Battle Plan has no effect. Count all Forces, including Carrier-Based Aircraft and Infantry on Transports.

First Light Pre-Attack for 1 Carrier Group. "10" The Japanese Aircraft Carrier with the most Aircraft immediately performs Air Attacks. The Group automatically receives an Area roll of a 10. Hits that

Damage a US Aircraft Carrier will eliminate the Aircraft on that Carrier before the Aircraft can be Moved for the Turn. Hits that Damage Airfields take effect on Aircraft before they can Attack for the Turn.

The Group does not suffer US Dogfight Attacks, but it does suffer AAA Attacks as normal.

After the First Light Action, proceed with the normal Turn for the other Japanese and US Aircraft.

Infantry Combat +3/+2 on Infantry rolls Increase the chances of success for all Japanese Infantry Attacks by 3 and add a Superior Attack roll of 2.

Example: An Infantry has an Attack value of 2. With this Plan, it has a 5/2.

Battalion Place a Battalion on the Island Move a Battalion from the Battalion box on the Campaign Map to the Japanese Foxholes.

Kamikaze Attacks 44-45. "10". Bomb rolls vs. Ships inflict 1 extra Hit. Destroy. This counter has no effect when drawn during a 1942 or 1943 Campaign. All Ship and Land-Based Bombers are assumed to roll a 10 (US Ocean) for

their Attack Area. All Bombers inflict 1 extra Hit if they Attack a Ship.

If there are no US Ships in the Battle, this Battle Plan has no effect

Then, destroy the Aircraft participating in the Attack against Ships.



Example: Three Bombers each have a Ship Attack value of 4. You also drew an Air Combat this Turn. The Bombers now each Attack with a 7/2. If a Bomber rolls an 8 to 10, it inflicts 1 Hit. A roll of 3 to 7 inflicts 2 Hits. A roll of 1 or 2 inflicts 3 Hits. All three Aircraft are then Destroyed.



The US may not send Aircraft to the Japanese Ocean this Battle Turn.

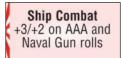
If the US has a Submarine in the Japanese Ocean, the Submarine cannot Attack this Battle Turn.



The first Hit inflicted on a Japanese Aircraft Carrier is stopped. If Japan does not have an Aircraft Carrier, this Battle Plan has no effect.

If no Aircraft Carriers were Hit during this Battle Turn, the Battle Plan is saved and used the next time an Aircraft Carrier is Hit during the Battle.

Japan still draws the designated number of Battle Plans during future Battle Turns.

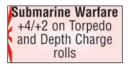


Increase the chances of success for all Japanese Ship Surface Attacks by 3 and add a Superior Attack roll of 2.

Example: A Ship has a Surface Attack value of 4. With this Plan, it has a 7/2.

Example: A Carrier has a AAA Attack value of 4/2. With this Plan, it has a 7/4.

This Battle Plan does not affect Attacks by or against Submarines.



Increase the chances of success for all Japanese Submarine and Depth Charge Attacks by 4 and add a Superior Attack roll of 2.

Move US Aircraft

Move each US Aircraft to any Area on the Battle Sheet.

Move Japanese Aircraft



Aircraft that have Bomb values are Bombers, even if they also have a Dogfight rating.

All the Bombers on a Japanese Aircraft Carrier are considered to be 1 Group.

All the Japanese Land-Based Bombers are considered to be 1 Group.



Aircraft that only have a Dogfight rating are Fighters.

All the Fighter Aircraft on each Japanese Aircraft Carrier are considered to be 1 Group.

All the Japanese Land-Based Fighter Aircraft are considered to be 1 Group.

Japanese Aircraft Movement

Roll a die for each Group to determine which Area each Group moves to.



Example: You roll a die to determine where the Kaga's

Bomber Group is Moving. You then roll for the Kaga's Fighter Group (which only has one Fighter).



When an Aircraft Group moves, roll a die and compare it to the Location numbers on the Battle Sheet.

A Roll of 1-2 moves the Group to the Japanese Ocean Area.

A roll of 3-5 moves the Group to the Island Area.

A roll of 6 moves the Group to the Coastal Area.

A roll of 7-10 moves the Group to the US Ocean Area.

Example: You roll a 5 for a Group. Those counters move to the Island.

Any roll that places Japanese Aircraft in an Area that does not have a US target, gets increased to the next higher Area.

Example: You roll a 2 for the Japanese Bomber Group, but there are no US Ships in the Japanese Ocean. The Bombers are moved to the next higher movement number (3-5), placing them on the Island.

Example: A roll of 6 would place Bombers in the Coastal Area, but there are no Ships in the Coastal Area, so the Bombers Move to the next higher Location, which would be the US Ocean.

If Aircraft cannot be placed in any of the higher numbered Locations, they will move down the list to the next appropriate lower location.

Example: You roll a 6 for a Bomber Group. The US does not



have any Ships in the Coastal or US Ocean Areas. The Bombers move to the Island.

If a Group has no legal Areas to move to, they remain on their Aircraft Carrier or Airfield.

Example: All the US Aircraft and Japanese Bombers have been Destroyed. The Japanese Fighters remain on their Aircraft Carrier or Airfield.

Japanese Bomber Movement

All the Bombers in a Group move to the same Area during the Move Japanese Bombers step.

Bombers can only Move to an Area if it meets one of the following conditions:

- 1) There are US Ships in the Area (do not count Submarines), or
- 2) The Island has US Land-Based Aircraft Ashore, or
- 3) The Island has US Infantry Ashore, as well as either Japanese Infantry or Land-Based Aircraft Ashore

Example: If you roll a 6, and there are no US Ships in the Coastal Area, the Bomber Group cannot move to the Coastal Area.

Example: There are US Infantry on the Island, but there are no Japanese Infantry or Land-Based Aircraft on the Island. Bombers will not Move to the Island.

Example: There are US Infantry and Land-Based Aircraft on the Island, but there are no Japanese Infantry or Land-Based Aircraft on the Island. Bombers will Move to the Island.

Japanese Fighter Movement

Japanese Fighters can only Move to an Area with Japanese Aircraft or US Aircraft.

Allocating Hits

Apply all Hits to the lowest cost Force in the Area you are attacking. When allocating Hits to Japanese Forces, apply a second Hit to Destroy one Force before allocating a Hit to Damage a new Force.

You may allocate Hits to your US Forces any way you like in order from lowest to highest value.

Continue allocating Hits until no Hits remain to be allocated, or until no Forces that are allowed to suffer the Hits remain in the Area.

Example: The US inflicts 7 Bomb Hits to the Japanese Island Forces. The first 2 Hits Damage and Destroy a 0 value Battalion. There are no more Battalions. There are 4 value 1 Infantry as well as 5 value 1 Airfields on the Island. You decide to apply 3 Hits on the Airfields, and 2 on an Infantry to Damage and Destroy it.

All Aircraft Carriers have a value of 1, so they are always the first Ships to suffer Attacks in an Area.

Example: You inflict 3 Bomb Hits on the Ships in the Japanese Ocean Area. They have a CV (value 1), as well as 2 Destroyer Groups (value 2). The first 2 Hits must Damage and Destroy the CV. The next Hit will Damage the Destroyer Group of your choice.

Each Hit inflicted on a Transport inflicts 1 Hit on 1 of the Infantry counters it is carrying.

Example: There are 3 Infantry on a Transport with no other Japanese ships in the Coastal Area. Your Bombers inflict 3 Hits. You Damage and Destroy one Infantry, then Damage another Infantry.

Dogfight

Whenever both sides have Aircraft in an Area and at least one Aircraft has a Dogfight rating, roll for their Dogfight Attacks.



Aircraft use their Dogfight value to Attack enemy Aircraft. If you roll the Attack value or lower, you inflict 1 Hit. If you roll the Superscript value or lower, you inflict a second

Hit.

Dogfight Attacks can only inflict Hits on Aircraft currently in the Air.

Example: The First Light Battle Plan was drawn, and the Aircraft that participated in the Attack have returned to their Carrier. When Aircraft Attack that Area, they cannot Dogfight the Aircraft on the Carrier.

Allocating Dogfight Hits

When you inflict a Hit, apply it to the lowest Cost Aircraft in the Area you are attacking.





One Hit flips a full strength Force to its Damaged side, or Destroys a Damaged Force and removes it from play.

Example: There are US and Japanese Fighters and Bombers in the Coastal Area. You roll for the US Fighter Dogfight Attacks and inflict 2 Hits. You roll for the Japanese Dogfight Attacks and inflict 3 Hits. You now inflict losses to both sides. You must inflict the 3 Hits on US Aircraft in the Area, going from lowest to highest value. You must inflict 2 Hits on the Japanese Aircraft in the Area, going from lowest to highest value. You must Destroy a Damaged Japanese Aircraft, before you can Damage a full strength Japanese Aircraft.

Example: The US inflicts 4 Dogfight Hits in the Island Area. There is only 1 Japanese Aircraft in the Island Area. You Destroy the Japanese Aircraft. The remaining Dogfight Hits are ignored. They do not carry over to the Japanese Infantry and Airfields on the Island.



AAA



Ships Attack opposing Aircraft in their Area with their AAA value. Roll the AAA value or lower to inflict 1 Hit on an opposing Aircraft.

If the Ship has a Superior Attack value, and you roll that number or lower, inflict a second Hit.

Escort Ships

Divide the Ships in an Ocean Area into Aircraft Carriers (CVs, CVLs, CVEs), and Escorts (BBs, CRUs, DDs).

Place the Escorts in one row and the Carriers in a second row.

Resolve the AAA Attacks for the Escorts, and then resolve the AAA attacks for the Carriers.

Each Aircraft can only be Attacked by AAA once from each row. If there are more Ships than Aircraft, roll for the Ships with the highest AAA ratings.



Example: The Japanese have 1 Aircraft Carrier and 2 Escorts in their Ocean Area. 3 US Aircraft Attack the Japanese Ocean Area. Roll a AAA Attack for the BB

and DD. Then roll a AAA Attack for the CV.

Example: 1 US Aircraft Attacks the same fleet. Roll a AAA for the BB and the CV. Because there is only 1 Aircraft, only 1 Escort and 1 Aircraft Carrier get a AAA Attack.

Example: There are 6 ships in the Coastal Area, targeting 3 Aircraft. Only 3 ships can roll a AAA Attack.

No Island AAA

Aircraft Attacking Infantry and Airfields do not suffer AAA Attacks.

Bomb Runs



Bombers now Attack the Land or Naval Forces in their Area. Roll the Aircraft Surface Attack value or lower to inflict 1 Hit.

Use the Attack value with the blue square when Attacking enemy Ships. Use the Attack value with the brown square when Attacking enemy Infantry or Airfields.

Torpedoes



Submarines Attack Surface Ships using their Surface Attack value. Roll the Surface Attack value or lower to inflict 1 Hit on an opposing Ship.

Depth Charges



Ships and Submarines use their Depth Charge Attack value to Attack an enemy Submarine in their Area. Roll the Depth Charge Attack value or

lower to inflict 1 Hit on an opposing Submarine.

Each Submarine can only be Attacked by Depth Charges once. If there are more Ships than Submarines, roll for the Ships with the highest Depth Charge ratings.

Roll the Depth Charge Attack value or lower to inflict 1 Hit on an opposing Submarine in the Area.

Example: There is a Japanese Submarine in the US Ocean Area with 6 US Ships. Since it is only 1 Submarine, roll only 1 Depth Charge Attack against the Submarine.

Naval Guns



Each Ship in the Coastal Area can Attack enemy Ships in the Coastal Area and enemy Island Forces. Roll the Surface Attack value or lower to

inflict 1 Hit on an opposing Force. Apply any Hits inflicted to legal targets in order from lowest to highest value.

Example: There is a US Ship and Japanese Ships in the Coastal Area. There are also Japanese Infantry and Land-Based Aircraft and US Infantry Ashore on the Island. If the US Ship rolls a successful Surface Attack, apply the Hit to a Japanese Ship, Land-Based Aircraft, or Infantry with the lowest value.

Submarines can only Attack Ships. They cannot Attack Infantry or Airfields.

Infantry



Infantry Forces can Attack opposing Infantry or Airfields on the Island. Roll the Infantry's Attack value or lower to inflict 1 Hit on an opposing Force.

Only Infantry or Battalion Forces in Foxholes can Attack during the Combat Infantry phase.

Infantry can only Attack Infantry Ashore and Airfields.

Infantry can only be targeted by Aircraft and Ships if there are opposing Land-Based Aircraft or Infantry on the Island.

Attacking Island Forces Enemy Infantry

Bombers in the Island Area, Ships in the Coastal Area, and Infantry on the Island, may only allocate Hits against enemy Infantry if there are currently friendly Infantry or Land-Based Aircraft present on the Island.

Example: It is Turn #1 of a Battle. The Japanese have Infantry and Land-Based Aircraft on the Island. You have



9

Infantry on Transports in the Coastal Area. You do not have Land-Based Aircraft or Infantry on the Island. You cannot inflict Hits on the Japanese Infantry. You may inflict Hits on their Land-Based Aircraft.

Example: There is a US Ship and Japanese Ships in the Coastal Area. There are also Japanese Infantry and Land-Based Aircraft Ashore on the Island. If the US Ship rolls a successful Surface Attack, apply the Hit to a Japanese Airfield or Ship (but not Infantry since the US does not have Infantry or Land-Based Aircraft on the Island.)

Enemy Airfield

Treat Airfields as having a value of 1 when allocating Hits.

Each Hit allocated to Airfields Destroys 1 Airfield.

Example: The US Airfield counter has a value of 5. The Japanese inflict 3 Hits on the Airfield. Replace the Airfield counter with a value 2 Airfield.

Infantry Advance

Move Infantry on the Beach to the Foxholes.

Move Infantry on a Transport to the Island Beach.

Move Marines directly from Transports to Foxholes.

Return Aircraft Land-Based Aircraft

Return Land-Based Aircraft to their Island Airfields.

Carrier Aircraft

Return Carrier Aircraft to their Aircraft Carriers.

You can only place the number of Aircraft on an Aircraft Carrier equal to the original number of Aircraft the Aircraft Carrier held.

You cannot place Carrier Aircraft counters on a Damaged Aircraft Carrier.

When Aircraft Carriers are sunk or Damaged, there may not be enough space on the remaining Aircraft Carriers to land all the returning Carrier Aircraft.

Japanese Carrier-Based Aircraft

If there are too many Carrier Aircraft to land on Japanese Aircraft Carriers, Destroy the Carrier Aircraft one at a time until all the remaining Aircraft can land.

Destroy Damaged Aircraft in order from lowest value to highest value.

Destroy full strength Aircraft in order from lowest value to highest value.

US Carrier-Based Aircraft

If US Aircraft Carriers are Damaged or Destroyed, you are

free to choose which US Carrier-Based Aircraft to land and which to Destroy.

Inflict Airfield Losses



Compare the number of US Land-Based Aircraft counters to the number of US Airfields. If there are more Aircraft than Airfields, Destroy Aircraft until the number of Aircraft equals the number of

Airfields.

Do the same for the Japanese Land-Based Aircraft and Airfields.

Example: At the start of the Battle, the Japanese had 7 Land-Based Aircraft, so you placed an Airfield "7" counter on the Island for them. After the first Turn of Battle, they have 6 Aircraft, and their Airfields suffered 3 Hits, reducing them to 4 Airfields. They have 2 more Aircraft than Airfields, so you must Destroy 2 of their Aircraft.

Japanese Airfield Loses

First, Destroy Damaged Aircraft in order from lowest value to highest value.

Then, Destroy full strength Aircraft in order from lowest value to highest value.

Move all Destroyed Japanese Aircraft to the Japanese Reinforcements Land-Based Aircraft area of the map.

US Airfield Loses

You are free to allocate Airfield Hits to your Land-Based Aircraft however you want.

Move all Destroyed US Aircraft to the US Reinforcements Land-Based Aircraft area of the map.

Advance Battle Turn Counter



Advance the Battle Turn Counter down the Turn track by one space.

End of the Battle

The Battle ends if the Battle Sheet only contains Japanese or US Forces, or when you move the Turn Counter off the Track.



Return all the remaining Forces to the Area on the Map where they came from. The Area should be marked by the Battle Location counter.

Japanese Battalions

Return all Destroyed Japanese Battalions to the Battalion box of the Map. Re-use them as needed.



Post Battle

Japanese Reinforces



Roll a die and compare that roll to the New Japanese Forces Table on the Campaign Map.

Add the Resupply counter's position on the track to the die roll.

Example: You roll a 5 and the Resupply counter is in the 7 position on the track. The roll becomes a 12.

Subtract 1 for each Damaged Japanese Force

currently on the Map. Do not subtract 1 for Damaged Infantry that are in the same Area as US Forces.

Subtract 3 for each Submarine you placed in the Raiding box on the Map during the US Movement step.

Move the indicated number of Ships, Infantry and Land-Based Aircraft counters from their Reinforcement boxes to the Japan Area of the Map.

If the Japanese do not have enough Forces to meet their Reinforcement needs, replace each counter they are short with 2 Battalion counters.

Example: You roll a 7 for Japanese Reinforcement. They have 6 Resupply counters. You have 2 Raiding Submarines. The end result is a roll of a 9. Japan receives 2 Ships, 2 Infantry, and 1 Land-Based Aircraft. It is late in the Campaign, and they do not have any Land-Based Aircraft remaining in Reinforcements, so they receive 2 Battalions instead.

Reset the Resupply counter to the "0-" position on the track.

Japanese Repair



Move any Damaged Japanese counters to the bottom of the Reinforcement stack for that type of Force.

When you move the

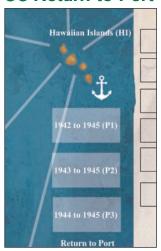
Force, flip it to its Full side. That Force can now be drawn as an upcoming Reinforcement counter.

Do not move Damaged Japanese Infantry that are in Areas with US Forces.

Do not move the last Japanese Infantry or Land-Based

Aircraft from an Area, even if it is Damaged.

US Return to Port



You must move all the Ships not in the Hawaiian Islands Area to the Hawaiian Island's Return to Port boxes.

There is a series of 3 Return to Port boxes located next to the Hawaiian Islands.

If you are playing a 1942 Campaign, you only use the "1942 to 1945" box.

If you are playing a 1943 Campaign, you use the "1942 to

1945" and the "1943 to 1945" boxes.

If you are playing a 1944 or 1945 Campaign, you use all 3 boxes.

During the Return to Port step, advance each stack of Ships one box closer to Hawaii. Move the Ships in the "1942 to 1945" box to the Hawaiian anchor to show they are available for action during the next Campaign Turn.

Example: You are playing a 1943 Campaign. You move the Ships from the 1942 box to Hawaii. You move the Ships in the 1943 box to the 1942 box.

Move all the US Ships from the other Areas of the Map to the last box you are using.

Example: In your 1943 Campaign, you move your Ships from Wake, Midway, Borneo, and the Solomon Islands to the 1943 to 1945 box.

US Supply Check

You must check to make sure each of your Areas with Infantry or Land-Based Aircraft is In-Supply.

To be In-Supply, you must be able to trace an uninterrupted path of US Held Areas starting from the US West Coast and leading up to the Area.

If an Area is not In-Supply, inflict 1 Hit to each Infantry and Land-Based Aircraft in the Area.

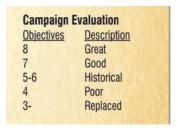
Example: You Hold the Hawaiian Islands and Midway Island. There are both US and Japanese Forces on Wake Island. You also have 3 Infantry and 1 Land-Based Aircraft on the Mariana Islands. Wake happens to be your only link to the Mariana Islands. You do not Hold Wake, but you do Hold the Islands leading to it, so Wake is In-Supply. You do not Hold a continuous path of Islands leading to the Mariana Islands, so your Forces on the Mariana's are not In-Supply. Inflict 1 Hit to each of the 3 Infantry and the Land-Based Aircraft on the Mariana's.





"Replaced" Defeat Condition

If the US is reduced to Holding the number of Objectives listed for the "Replaced" evaluation level at the end of any Campaign Turn, you immediately lose the Campaign.



Example: You are playing the 1942 Campaign. If you are reduced to Holding 3 or fewer Objectives at the end of a Campaign Turn, you get Replaced and immediately lose the Campaign.

Hawaiian Islands Defeat Condition

If Japan moves Forces into the Hawaiian Island's Area, resolve the battle as normal. However, you must Destroy all the Japanese Forces during the first Battle Turn, or you immediately lose the Campaign.

Next Turn



This concludes one Campaign Turn. Return to the start of the Sequence of Play and resolve the next Turn. Continue to do so until the end of the Campaign.

Special Campaign Rules

1944 Japanese Infantry

During the 1944 Campaign, draw 2 extra Japanese Infantry counters during each Japanese Reinforcements phase.

US Strategic Bombing Movement



The 1944 and 1945 Campaigns include US B-29 Bomber Wing Land-Based Aircraft counters. The counters have a "BW" Unit Name.

Bomber Wings not in the Mariana Islands engage in combat as normal. Bomber Wings in the Mariana Islands may engage in combat, or perform Strategic Bombing against Japan.



To perform Strategic Bombing, move one or more Bomber Wing counters (that started the Movement step in the Mariana Islands) from the Mariana Islands to the "BW" Strategic Bombing box located next to the Mariana Islands. Pay 1 Supply Point for

each counter you move.

At the start of the Japanese Orders step, move 1 Ship, Infantry, or Land-Based Aircraft from the top of each stack to their Reinforcement box. Continue to move counters until you have moved a number of counters equal to the number of your Strategic Bombers in the box. If you move a Battalion, move it to the Battalion box, not the Infantry Reinforcement box.

Example: You have 3 Bomber Wings in the Mariana Islands. You pay 3 Supply Points and move all 3 to the Strategic Bombing box. At the start of the Japanese Orders step, you decide to move 1 Ship, and then an Infantry, and then another Ship to their Japanese Reinforcement boxes.

Move the Strategic Bombers back to the Mariana Islands at the end of the Battle step.

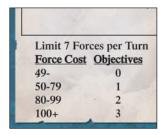
If a Battle takes place in the Mariana Islands, count the Bomber Wing counters performing Strategic Bombing when calculating your Airfield value. If the Japanese inflict Hits on your Airfields, allocate Hits to the Strategic Bombing Aircraft as normal.

1945 Japan Invasion Movement

This rule section only applies to the 1945 Campaign. In preparation for the possible invasion of Japan, the US started reserving forces to conduct the invasion.

At the start of each US Movement step, you may move up to 7 Force counters from the Hawaiian Islands and West Coast to the 1945 Japan Invasion box. It is free to Move these Forces.

At the end of the Campaign, add up the Buy Cost of all the Forces in the box to determine the number of Objective Points they earn toward Victory.



Example: The Cost of the Forces in the box total 82 points. This counts as 2 Objectives toward Victory. If you also Hold 13 of the 16 Objective Areas on the Campaign Map, you have 15 Objectives, which is a "Historical" Evaluation.

1945 Iwo Jima and Okinawa

During the 1945 Campaign, do not roll Japanese Orders for the Forces on Okinawa and Iwo Jima.

1945 Early Campaign Ending

During the 1945 Campaign, end the Campaign after the "Jul/Aug" Campaign Turn.

Linked Campaigns

Instead of playing each Campaign as a stand-alone game, you can link them into a series of linked Campaigns



stretching from 1942 through 1945.

Play each Campaign and record the number of Objectives you Held at the end of the Campaign on the Player Log. If a Campaign ends with a Replaced Evaluation, or ends immediately due to Japanese Forces in the Hawaiian Islands, do not continue with the Linked Campaign.

When you have finished playing all 4 Campaigns, compare your total Objectives Held to the following chart:

Objectives Held	Evaluation
50 to 51	Great
45 to 49	Good
35 to 44	Historical
26 to 34	Poor
25 or less	Dismal

Expansions

If an Expansion rule or component is in conflict with a core game rule, the expansion takes priority.

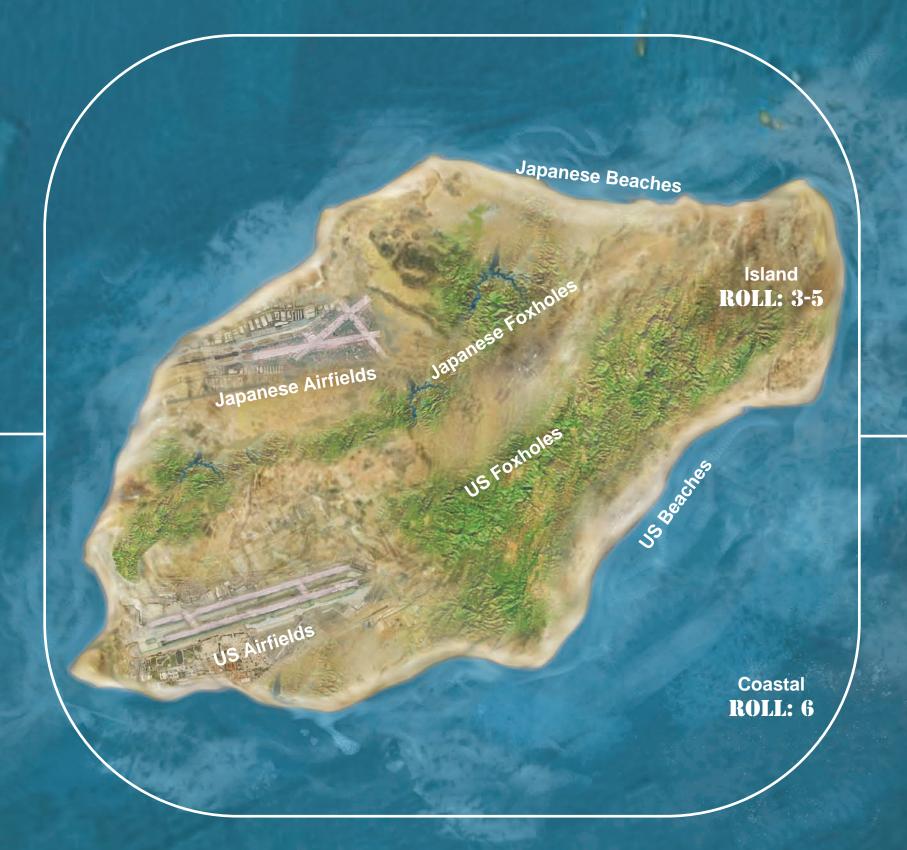
Credits

Game Design	Dan Verssen
Game Development	Holly Verssen
Map Artwork	Cloud Quinot
Box Artwork	Paul Hoefener
Research	Dave Schueler
Playtesters	Chris Richardson
Rulebook Proofing	Hans Korting

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Japanese Ocean ROLL: 1-2



-◆

-

US Ocean ROLL: 7-10

5



3 (6-8)

2 (3-5)

1 (1-2)

SET-UP

Move US Forces to Battle Map Move Japanese Forces to Battle Map Roll for Battle Turns Determine Japanese Battle Plan Draws

Forces	Battle	
<u>Present</u>	<u>Plans</u>	
1 to 4	1	
5 to 9	2	
10 to 16	3	
17+	4	L

Select US Battle Plans
3 BPPs

+3 BPPs per Supply point

COMBAT

Draw Japanese Battle Plans Move US Aircraft Move Japanese Bombers Move Japanese Fighters Combat

Dogfight
AAA
Bomb Runs
Torpedoes
Depth Charges
Naval Guns
Infantry
Infantry Advance
Return Aircraft
Inflict Airfield Losses
Advance Battle Turn Counter

= = = SET-UP 1942 = = =

: : JAPANESE FORCES : :

Naval Forces

East Asia - (CVL) Ryujo, (BB) Kongo/Haruna, (CRU) Takao/Chokai, Maya/Atago, Mogami/Mikuma, Suzuya/Kumano, (DD) Destroyer Gp 2, Destroyer Gp 3, (SS) Sub Gp 2
Japan - (CV) Kaga, Akagi, Soryu, Hiryu, Shokaku, Zuikaku, (CVL) Hosho, Shoho, Zuiho, (CVE) Taiyo, (BB) Nagato/Mutsu, Hiei/Kirishima, Ise/Hyuga, Fuso/Yamashiro, (CRU) Tone/Chikuma, (DD) Destroyer Gp 1, Destroyer Gp 7, (SS) Sub Gp 1
Philippines - (CRU) Myoko/Haguro, Ashigara/Nashi, (DD) Destroyer Gp 6
Caroline Islands - (CRU) Furutaka/Kako, Aoba/Kinugasa, (DD) Destroyer Gp 4, Destroyer Gp 5, (SS) Sub Gp 3
Reinforcements - (CV) Junyo, Hiyo, (CVE) Unyo, Chuyo, Ryuho, (BB) Yamato/Musashi

Infantry

East Asia - 2nd Inf, 38th Inf, 48th Inf
Marshall Islands - 6th Base
Philippines - 16th Inf
New Guinea - 55th Inf
Battalions - Mariana Islands, Iwo Jima, Okinawa, Borneo,
Gilbert Islands, Wake Island, Caroline Islands, Japan x2
Reinforcements - 6th Inf, 7th Inf, 20th Inf, 35th Inf, 51st Inf,
Battalions x1

Land-Based Aircraft

East Asia - Chitose Kokutai
Marshall Islands - 1 Kokutai
Philippines - Mihoro Kokutai, Genzan Kokutai, Kanoya Kokutai,
Yamada Kokutai, 3 Kokutai, 14 Sentai, 24 Sentai
New Guinea - 4 Kokutai, Tainan Kokutai, 8 Sentai, 59 Sentai
Reinforcements - Takao Kokutai, Misawa Kokutai, 6 Kokutai,
751 Kokutai, 753 Kokutai, 60 Sentai, 248 Sentai

Carrier Air Groups

CV - A6M, D3A, B5N CVL - A6M, D3A CVE - D3A

: : UNITED STATES FORCES : : Supply Points: 21

Naval Forces

Australia - (CRU) ABDA, (SS) SUB Gp 3
Hawaiian Islands - (CV) Lexington, Enterprise,
(CRU) Chester/Louisville, Chicago/Northampton,
San Francisco/Astoria, New Orleans/Minneapolis, Honolulu/Nashville,
(DD) DESRON 1, DESRON 6, (SS) SUB Gp 1,
1942 to 1945: (CV) Yorktown, Saratoga, (CRU) Portland/Indianapolis,
Pensacola/Salt Lake City, St Louis/Helena, Phoenix/Boise,
(DD) DESRON 4, DESRON 12, (SS) SUB Gp 2, SUB Gp 4
West Coast - (DD) DESRON 2
Reinforcements - (CV) Hornet, Wasp, (BB) N. Carolina/Washington,
Colorado/Maryland, S. Dakota/Indiana, New Mexico/Mississippi,
(CRU) Vincennes/Quincy

Infantry

Hawaiian Islands - 25th Inf
Battalions - New Caledonia, Borneo, Solomon Islands, West Coast x2
Reinforcements - 1st Marine, 2nd Marine, 32nd Inf, 43rd Inf,
American Inf, 1 Aust. Inf, USAFFE

Land-Based Aircraft

Alaska - 28th BG, 343rd FG
Australia - 19th BG
Midway Island - MAG 22
New Guinea - RAAF FG, RAAF BG 1
Hawaiian Islands - 11th BG, 18th FG, MAG 21
Samoa - MAG 13
Reinforcements - 3rd BG, 22nd BG, 38th BG, 43rd BG, 90th BG, 8th FG, 49th FG, MAG 23, RAAF BG 2

Carrier Air Groups

CV (5) - F4F, SBD, SBD, TBD

Objectives:	Campaign	Evaluation
Alaska, Hawaiian Islands,	<u>Objectives</u>	<u>Description</u>
Midway Island, Gilbert Islands,	8	Great
Samoa, Solomon Islands,	7	Good
New Guinea, New Caledonia	5-6	Historical
	4	Poor
	3-	Replaced

SET-UP 1943

: : JAPANESE FORCES : :

Naval Forces

East Asia - (CRU) Ashigara/Nashi

Japan - (CV) Hiyo, Shokaku, (CVL) Hosho, (CVE) Taiyo, Unyo, Chuyo, Ryuho, (BB) Nagato/Mutsu, Fuso/Yamashiro, (DD) Destroyer Gp 1, Destroyer Gp 2, Destroyer Gp 6, (SS) Sub Gp 1

Caroline Islands - (CV) Zuikaku, Junyo, (CVL) Zuiho, (BB) Yamato/Musashi, Kongo/Haruna, (CRU) Aoba/Kinugasa, Myoko/Haguro, Takao/Chokai, Maya/Atago, Suzuya/Kumano, Tone/Chikuma, (DD) Destroyer Gp 3, Destroyer Gp 4, Destroyer Gp 5, Destroyer Gp 7, (SS) Sub Gp 2, Sub Gp 3 Reinforcements - (CVL) Chiyoda, (CVE) Kaiyo, Shinyo, (BB) Ise/Hyuga, (CRU) Mogami/Mikuma, Agano/Noshiro

Infantry

Solomon Islands - 6th Inf, 38th Inf

East Asia - 2nd Inf

Philippines - 16th Inf, 48th Inf

New Guinea - 20th Inf. 51st Inf. 55th Inf.

Battalions - Mariana Islands, Iwo Jima, Okinawa, Borneo, Philippines x2, New Guinea x3, Gilbert Islands, Wake Island, Caroline Islands, Japan, East Asia

Reinforcements - 5th Inf, 6th Base, 17th Inf, 36th Inf, 41st Inf, 52nd Inf, 7th SNLF, Battalions x2

Land-Based Aircraft

Japan - 204 Kokutai, Misawa Kokutai Marshall Islands - 1 Kokutai, Chitose Kokutai **Philippines - Mihoro Kokutai, Genzan Kokutai,** Kanoya Kokutai,

202 Kokutai, Takao Kokutai, 24 Sentai, 60 Sentai, 22 Sentai New Guinea - Tainan Kokutai, 702 Kokutai, 705 Kokutai. 751 Kokutai, 752 Kokutai, 753 Kokutai, 8 Sentai, 14 Sentai, 59 Sentai, 248 Sentai

Reinforcements - 331 Kokutai, 34 Sentai, 63 Sentai, 68 Sentai, 208 Sentai

Carrier Air Groups

CV - A6M, D3A, B5N CVL - A6M, D3A CVE - D3A

: : UNITED STATES FORCES : : **Supply Points: 23**

Naval Forces

Solomon Islands - (CV) Enterprise, (BB) New Mexico/Mississippi, (CRU) St. Louis/Helena, (DD) DESRON 1

New Caledonia - (CRU) Chester/Louisville, (DD) DESRON 4

Australia - (SS) Sub Gp 3

Hawaiian Islands - (BB) S. Dakota/Indiana,

(CRU) Pensacola/Salt Lake City, (DD) DESRON 2, (SS) Sub Gp 1,

1942 to 1945: (CV) Saratoga, (BB) Colorado/Maryland,

(CRU) Honolulu/Nashville, San Francisco/Astoria, (DD) DESRON 3, (SS) Sub Gp 4.

1943 to 1945; (BB) N. Carolina/Washington, (CRU) Portland/Indianapolis. (DD) DESRON 6. DESRON 12. (SS) Sub Gp 2

West Coast - (CRU) New Orleans/Minneapolis

Reinforcements - (CV) Essex, Yorktown II, Lexington II, Bunker Hill, (CVL) Independence, Princeton, Belleau Wood, Cowpens, Monterey,

(CVE) CVE Grp 1, CVE Grp 2, (BB) Tennessee/Idaho,

(CRU) Phoenix/Boise, Birmingham/Mobile, Cleveland/Columbia, Montpelier/Denver,

(DD) DESRON 23, DESRON 24

Infantry

New Guinea - 32nd Inf. 1 Aust. Inf. 2 Aust. Inf. Solomon Islands - 2nd Marine, 25th Inf, 43rd Inf, American Inf Battalions - New Caledonia, Midway Island, Samoa, Alaska, Hawaiian Islands, West Coast x4

Reinforcements - 3rd Marine, 7th Inf, 37th Inf, 24th Inf, 40th Inf, 41st Inf, 1st Cav

Land-Based Aircraft

Solomon Islands - 5th BG, 11th BG, 18th FG, MAG 13, MAG 22, MAG 23

Alaska - 28th BG, 343rd FG

Australia - 43rd BG, RAAF BG 1, RAAF FG, RAAF BG 2

New Guinea - 3rd BG, 22nd BG, 38th BG, 90th BG, 345th BG, 8th FG, 35th FG,

Reinforcements - 42nd BG, 307th BG, 380th BG, 348th FG, 475th FG, MAG 11, MAG 12, MAG 14, MAG 21, MAG 24

Campaign Evaluation

Carrier Air Groups

CV (6) - F6F, F6F, SBD, SBD, TBF CV (5) - F6F, SBD, SBD, TBF CVL - F6F, SBD, TBF CVE - F6F, SBD

Objectives:

Alaska, Hawaiian Islands, **Objectives Description** Midway Island, Gilbert Islands, 10 Great Samoa, Solomon Islands, 8-9 Good New Guinea, New Caledonia, 6-7 Historical Wake Island, Marshall Islands Poor 5 4-Replaced

= SET-UP 1944

: : JAPANESE FORCES : :

Naval Forces

East Asia - (CRU) Ashigara/Nashi, Aoba/Kinugasa Japan - (CV) Zujkaku, Shokaku, (CVL) Chitose, Chiyoda, Hosho, Zuiho, (CVE) Kaiyo, Ryuho, Shinyo, Taiyo, Unyo, (BB) Fuso/Yamashiro, Ise/Hyuga, Kongo/Haruna, (CRU) Maya/Atago, Mogami/Mikuma, (DD) Destroyer Gp 1, Destroyer Gp 4, (SS) Sub Gp 1 Caroline Islands - (CV) Hiyo, (BB) Nagato/Mutsu. Yamato/Musashi, (CRU) Agano/Noshiro, Myoko/Haguro, Suzuya/Kumano, Takao/Chokai, Tone/Chikuma, (DD) Destroyer Gp 2, Destroyer Gp 3, Destroyer Gp 5, (SS) Sub Gp 2 Reinforcements - (CV) Amagi, Junyo, Katsuragi, Shinano, Taiho, Unryu, (CRU) Yahagi/Sakawa

Infantry

Solomon Islands - 2nd Inf, 6th Inf, 38th Inf Philippines - 16th Inf, 48th Inf Caroline Islands - 52nd Inf Marshall Islands - 6th Base New Guinea - 5th Inf, 17th Inf, 20th Inf, 36th Inf, 41st Inf. 51st Inf. 55th Inf. Battalions - Mariana Islands x3, Iwo Jima, Okinawa, Borneo, Gilbert Islands, Wake Island x2, Marshall Islands x2, Solomon Islands x2, Caroline Islands, Japan, East Asia, New Guinea x4 Reinforcements - 100th Inf, 102nd Inf, 105th Inf, 109th Inf, 10th Inf, 14th Inf, 19th Inf, 1st Inf, 23rd Inf. 26th Inf. 28th Inf. 29th Inf. 30th Inf. 32nd inf, 35th Inf, 43rd Inf, 8th Inf, 9th Inf

Land-Based Aircraft

Japan - 204 Kokutai, Misawa Kokutai Mariana Islands - 202 Kokutai, 705 Kokutai, 752 Kokutai, 753 Kokutai, Takao Kokutai Marshall Islands - 1 Kokutai, Chitose Kokutai Philippines - Mihoro Kokutai, Genzan Kokutai, 24 Sentai, 60 Sentai, 22 Sentai New Guinea - Tainan Kokutai, 331 Kokutai, 702 Kokutai, 751 Kokutai, 14 Sentai, 34 Sentai, 59 Sentai, 63 Sentai, 68 Sentai, 208 Sentai, 248 Sentai

Reinforcements - 343 Kokutai, 381 Kokutai, 246 Sentai

Carrier Air Groups

CV - A6M, D3A, B5N CVL - A6M, D3A CVE - D3A

Special Rule:

When rolling for Japan Reinforcements each turn, draw 2 extra Infantry.

: : UNITED STATES FORCES : :

Supply Points: 27

Naval Forces

Solomon Islands - (CRU) Cleveland/Columbia Australia - Sub Gp 3 West Coast - (CV) Lexington II, (CVE) CVE Grp 1 New Guinea - (DD) DESRON 6 Hawaiian Islands - (CV) Enterprise, (BB) Colorado/Maryland, (DD) DESRON 3, (SS) Sub Gp 2.

1942 to 1945: (CV) Intrepid, (CVL) Cabot, (CVE) CVE Grp 2,

(BB) New Mexico/Mississippi, (CRU) Montpelier/Denver, Chester/Louisville, Honolulu/Nashville, (DD) DESRON 2, DESRON 4, DESRON 14, (SS) Sub Gp 1,

1943 to 1945: (CV) Saratoga, Essex, (CVL) Cowpens, Princeton, (BB) N. Carolina/Washington, S. Dakota/Indiana, (CRU) Phoenix/Boise, Pensacola/Salt Lake City, New Orleans/Minneapolis, (DD) DESRON 12, DESRON 24, (SS) Sub Gp 4.

1944 to 1945: (CV) Yorktown II, Bunker Hill, (CVL) Langley, Monterey, Independence, (BB) Tennessee/Idaho, (CRU) San Francisco/Astoria, Portland/Indianapolis,

St. Louis/Helena, (DD) DESRON 1, DESRON 23

Marshall Islands - (CVL) Belleau Wood. (BB) lowa/New Jersey. (CRU) Birmingham/Mobile

Reinforcements - (CV) Franklin, Hancock, Hornet II, Ticonderoga, Wasp II, (CVL) Bataan, San Jacinto, (CVE) CVE Grp 3, CVE Grp 4, CVE Grp 5, CVE Grp 6, (BB) California/West Virginia, (CRU) Baltimore/Boston, Biloxi/Houston, Canberra/Quincy II,

Pasadena/Vincennes II, (DD) DESRON 49

Infantry

Australia - 25th Inf. 2nd Marine Borneo - 1 Aust, Inf. 2 Aust, Inf. Marshall Islands - 7th Inf **Philippines - 43rd Inf**

New Guinea - 6th Inf, 24th Inf, 32nd Inf, 41st Inf, 1st Cay, 3 Aust. Inf, 4 Aust. Inf, 5 Aust. Inf **Solomon Islands -** 37th Inf. 40th Inf. American Inf. 1st Marine, 3rd Marine Battalions - New Caledonia, Midway Island, Samoa, Alaska, Hawaiian Islands, West Coast x4

Reinforcements - 11th Air, 27th Inf, 31st Inf, 33rd Inf, 38th Inf, 77th Inf, 81st Inf, 96th Inf, 4th Marine

Land-Based Aircraft

Alaska - 28th BG, 343rd FG Gilbert Islands - 11th BG, 35th FG, MAG 13 Midway Island - MAG 14, MAG 23

Australia - 43rd BG, 380th BG, 8th FG, 90th BG, RAAF FG

New Guinea - 18th FG, 22nd BG, 312th BG, 345th BG, 348th FG, MAG 12, RAAF BG 1, RAAF BG 2

Solomon Islands - 5th BG, 42nd BG, 38th BG, 3rd BG, MAG 11, MAG 21

Reinforcements - 417th BG, 307th BG, 73rd BW, 475th FG, 49th FG, MAG 22, MAG 24

Carrier Air Groups

CV (6) - F6F, F6F, SB2C, SB2C, TBF CV (5) - F6F, SB2C, SB2C, TBF CVL - F6F, SB2C, TBF CVE - F6F, SB2C

Objectives:

Campaign Evaluation Alaska, Hawaiian Islands, Borneo, Iwo Jima, **Objectives** Description Midway Island, Gilbert Islands, Mariana Islands 14 Great Samoa, Solomon Islands, Philippines, 12-13 Good New Guinea, New Caledonia, Marshall Islands, 9-11 Historical Wake Island 7-8 Poor 6-Replaced

SET-UP 1945

: : JAPANESE FORCES : :

Naval Forces

East Asia - (CVE) Kaiyo, Ryuho, (BB) Ise/Hyuga, (CRU) Ashigara/Nashi, Myoko/Haguro, Takao/Chokai, (DD) Destroyer Gp 3, Destroyer Gp 4 Japan - (CV) Amagi, Junyo, Katsuragi, (CVL) Hosho, (BB) Kongo/Haruna, Nagato/Mutsu, Yamato/Musashi, (CRU) Tone/Chikuma, Yahagi/Sakawa, (DD) Destroyer Gp 1, Destroyer Gp 2, (SS) Sub Gp 1, Sub Gp 2

Infantry

Caroline Islands - 52nd Inf East Asia - 9th Inf Iwo Jima - 109th Inf New Guinea - 5th Inf. 35th Inf. 36th Inf. 38th Inf. 41st Inf. 51st Inf. 6th Inf. Borneo - 17th Inf, 20th Inf, 48th Inf, 8th Inf Philippines - 100th Inf. 102nd Inf. 105th Inf. 10th Inf, 16th Inf, 19th Inf, 1st Inf, 23rd Inf, 26th Inf, 30th Inf, 32nd Inf **Battalions - New Guinea x3, Philippines x3,** Caroline Islands x2, East Asia, Iwo Jima x6, Okinawa x6, Borneo x2, Japan x2 Reinforcements - 24th Inf, 28th Inf, 62nd Inf

Land-Based Aircraft

East Asia - 204 Kokutai, 705 Kokutai, 751 Kokutai, Misawa Kokutai, Takao Kokutai Japan - 22 Sentai, 246 Sentai, 381 Kokutai New Guinea - 702 Kokutai, Tainan Kokutai Okinawa - 202 Kokutai, 752 Kokutai, 753 Kokutai Philippines - 14 Sentai, 208 Sentai, 248 Sentai, 24 Sentai, 34 Sentai, 343 Kokutai, 60 Sentai Borneo - 63 Sentai, Genzan Kokutai, Mihoro Kokutai Reinforcements - 72 Sentai

Carrier Air Groups

CV - A6M, D3A, B5N CVL - A6M, D3A CVE - D3A

Special Rules:

Do not roll Japanese Orders for Iwo Jima and Okinawa.

End the Campaign at the end of the July/August Campaign Turn.

See Rulebook for Strategic Bombing and Japan Invasion rules.

: : UNITED STATES FORCES :

Supply Points: 36

Naval Forces

Australia - (SS) Sub Gp 3

Hawaiian Islands - (CV) Saratoga, (DD) DESRON 2, DESRON 49, (SS) SUB Gp 1, 1942 to 1945: (CV) Hornet II, (CVL) Independence, Monterey, (CVE) CVE Gp 1, (BB) Missouri/Wisconsin, S. Dakota/Indiana, (CRU) Honolulu/Nashville, Pasadena/Vincennes II, Montpelier/Denver, Pensacola/Salt Lake City, (DD) DESRON 6, DESRON 24, (SS) SUB Gp 4, 1943 to 1945: (CV) Hancock, Wasp II, Yorktown II, (CVL) Cowpens, Belleau Wood, (CVE) CVE Gp 3. (BB) Tennessee/Idaho. Pennsylvania/Nevada, N. Carolina/Washington. (CRU) Biloxi/Houston, Cleveland/Columbia, (DD) DESRON 4, DESRON 23, (SS) SUB Gp 2, 1944 to 1945: (CV) Essex, Lexington II, Bunker Hill, (CVL) Cabot, Bataan, (CVE) CVE Gp 2, (BB) Colorado/Maryland, New Mexico/Mississippi, (CRU) Phoenix/Boise, Portland/Indianapolis, San Francisco/Astoria, Chester/Louisville, (DD) DESRON 1 Caroline Islands - (CV) Enterprise, (CVL) San Jacinto, (CVE) CVE Gp 4,

(BB) Iowa/New Jersey, (CRU) Baltimore/Boston, Birmingham/Mobile, Canberra/Quincy II,

(DD) DESRON 12

West Coast - (CRU) St Louis/Helena, (DD) DESRON 3

Philippines - (BB) California/West Virginia, (CRU) New Orleans/Minneapolis

Reinforcements - (CV) Bennington, Randolph, BonHomme Richard, Ticonderoga, Franklin, Intrepid, (CVL) Langley, (CVE) CVE Gp 5, (CRU) Springfield/Topeka, (DD) DESRON 6, DESRON 60, DESRON 14

Infantry

Australia - 1st Marine, 2nd Marine

New Caledonia - 81st Inf New Guinea - 31st Inf, 41st Inf

Borneo - 1 Aust. Inf, 2 Aust. Inf, 3 Aust. Inf, 4 Aust. Inf, 5 Aust. Inf

Philippines - 11th Air, 1st Cay, 6th Inf, 7th Inf, 24th Inf, 25th Inf, 32nd Inf, 33rd Inf, 37th Inf, 38th Inf, 40th Inf, 43rd Inf, American Inf

Solomon Islands - 27th Inf

Battalions - Samoa, Alaska, Hawaiian Islands, Wake Island, Marshall Islands, Caroline Islands Reinforcements - 77th Inf, 96th Inf, 3rd Marine, 4th Marine, 5th Marine, 6th Marine

Land-Based Aircraft

Caroline Islands - 18th FG, 22nd BG, MAG 13 Gilbert Islands - 11th BG, MAG 14 Midway Island - MAG 23

Mariana Islands - 313th BW, 314th BW, 73rd BW, MAG 21, MAG 22 New Guinea - 38th BG, RAAF BG 1, RAAF BG 2, RAAF FG, 345th BG, 348th FG Philippines - 307th BG, 417th BG, 42nd BG, 475th FG, 49th FG, MAG 12

Reinforcements - 315th BW, 58th BW, 3rd BG, 5th BG, 8th FG, 90th BG, 312th BG, 35th FG, 380th BG, 43rd BG, MAG 11, MAG 24

Carrier Air Groups

CV (6) - F6F, F6F, SB2C, SB2C, TBF CV (5) - F6F, SB2C, SB2C, TBF CVL - F6F. SB2C. TBF CVE - F6F. SB2C

Objectives:

Campaign Evaluation Alaska, Hawaiian Islands, Borneo, Iwo Jima, **Objectives Description** Midway Island, Gilbert Islands, Mariana Islands 19 Great Samoa, Solomon Islands, Philippines, 18 Good New Guinea, New Caledonia, Marshall Islands, 15-17 Historical Wake Island, Okinawa, Caroline Islands 7-14 Poor Replaced

